

Overview

Monday, August 23, 2021 4:24 PM

Stargate Project was a secret [U.S. Army](#) unit established in 1978 at [Fort Meade, Maryland](#), by the [Defense Intelligence Agency \(DIA\)](#) and [SRI International](#) (a California contractor) to investigate the potential for [psychic](#) phenomena in military and domestic intelligence applications. The Project, and its precursors and sister projects, originally went by various [code names](#)—GONDOLA WISH, STARGATE, GRILL FLAME, CENTER LANE, PROJECT CF, SUN STREAK, SCANATE—until 1991 when they were consolidated and rechristened as "Stargate Project".

Stargate Project work primarily involved [remote viewing](#), the purported ability to psychically "see" events, sites, or [information](#) from a great distance.^[a] The project was overseen until 1987 by Lt. Frederick Holmes "Skip" Atwater, an aide and "psychic headhunter" to Maj. Gen. [Albert Stubblebine](#), and later president of the [Monroe Institute](#).^[a] The unit was small-scale, comprising about 15 to 20 individuals, and was run out of "an old, leaky wooden barracks".^[a]

The Stargate Project was terminated and declassified in 1995 after a [CIA](#) report concluded that it was never useful in any intelligence operation. Information provided by the program was vague and included irrelevant and erroneous data, and there was reason to suspect that its project managers had changed the reports so they would fit background cues.^{[a]–[4]} The program was featured in the [2004 book](#) and [2009 film](#), both titled *The Men Who Stare at Goats*,^{[a][b][c]} although neither mentions it by name.

From <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stargate_Project>



PROJECT STAR GATE

<https://www.cia.gov/readingroom/collection/stargate>

MISSION STATEMENT

(S//ORCON) To establish a program using psychoenergetics for intelligence applications. Specifically, utilizing that field of psychoenergetics referred to as REMOTE VIEWING. The program encompasses the following:

- Establishing a training program in REMOTE VIEWING utilizing selected INSCOM personnel.
- Establishing procedures for intelligence collection techniques utilizing REMOTE VIEWING.
- Establishing a mechanism for responding to intelligence collection requirements (tasking) using REMOTE VIEWING.

The **Stargate Project**^[a] was the umbrella [code name](#) of one of several sub-projects established by the U.S. Federal Government to investigate claims of psychic phenomena with potential military and domestic applications, particularly "remote viewing": the purported ability to psychically "see" events, sites, or information from a great distance.^[a] These projects were active from the 1970s through 1995 and were primarily handled by the DIA and [CIA](#). They followed up early psychic research done at The Stanford Research Institute (SRI), Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC), The American Society for Psychical Research, and other psychical research labs.^[a]

The Stargate Project created a set of protocols designed to make the research of clairvoyance and Out-of-body experiences more scientific, and to minimize as much as possible session noise and inaccuracy. The term "remote viewing" emerged as shorthand to describe this more structured approach to clairvoyance. Stargate only received a mission after all other intelligence attempts, methods, or approaches had already been exhausted.^[a] It was reported that there were over 22 active military and domestic remote viewers providing data. When the project closed in 1995 this number had dwindled down to three. One was using tarot cards. People leaving the project were not replaced. According to [Joseph McMoneagle](#), "The Army *never* had a truly open attitude toward psychic functioning". Hence, the use of the term "giggle factor"^[a] and the saying, "I wouldn't want to be found dead next to a psychic."^[a]

From <https://military.wikia.org/wiki/Stargate_Project>

Project Star Gate documents

Project Star gate is the collective name for advanced psychic functioning & Remote viewing experiments and programs that were undertaken for over twenty years to create a trainable, repeatable, operational and if at all possible, accurate method of psychic spying or information gathering for the U.S. Military and intelligence agencies (CIA, NSA, DIA).

The actual projects involved in this 23+ year mammoth operational and scientific endeavour were:

- Gondola Wish – ARMY INSCOM – 1977-79
- Grill Flame – ARMY INSCOM & AMSAA – 1979-1983
- Center Lane – ARMY INSCOM – 1983-85
- Dragoon Absorb – ARMY INSCOM & DIA – 1985-86
- Sun Streak – DIA – 1986-1990
- Star Gate – DIA – 1990-95

From <<https://www.remoteviewed.com/star-gate-documents/>>

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In 1970 United States intelligence sources believed that the [Soviet Union was spending 60 million rubles annually on "psychotronic"](#) research. In response to claims that the Soviet program had produced results, the CIA initiated funding for a new program known as SCANATE ("scan by coordinate") in the same year. [Remote viewing](#) research began in 1972 at the [Stanford Research Institute \(SRI\) in Menlo Park, California.](#) [Proponents \(Russell Targ and Harold Puthoff\)](#) of the research said that a minimum accuracy rate of 65% required by the clients was often exceeded in the later experiments. [Physicists Russell Targ and Harold Puthoff](#) began testing psychics for SRI in 1972, including one who would later become an [Israeli U.S. Defense](#) defense, Israeli [Uri Geller](#). Their apparently successful results garnered interest within the [U.S. Department of Defense](#). [Ray Hyman](#), professor of psychology at the [University of Oregon](#), was asked by Air Force psychologist Lt. Col. Austin W. Kibler (1930–2008)—then Director of Behavioral Research for [ARPA](#)—to go to SRI and investigate. He was to specifically evaluate Geller. Hyman's report to the government was that Geller was a "complete fraud" and as a consequence Targ and Puthoff lost their government contract to do further work with him. The result was a publicity tour for Geller, Targ and Puthoff, to seek private funding for further research work on Geller. [Hyman](#). One of the project's successes was the location of a [lost Soviet spy plane in 1976 by Rosemary Smith](#), a young administrative assistant recruited by project director Dale Graff. [Graff](#).

From <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stargate_Project>

From <https://military.wikia.org/wiki/Stargate_Project>



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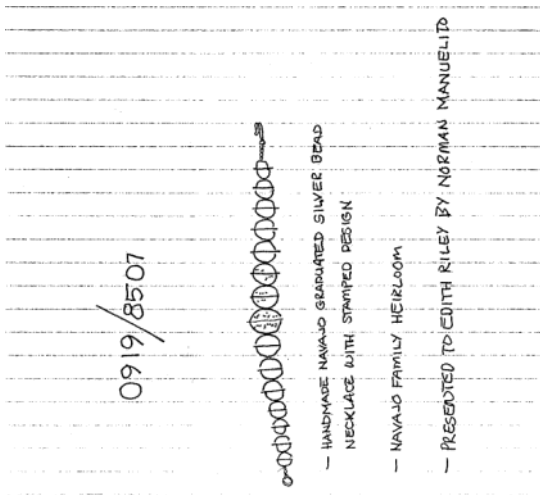


Illustration of what the actual necklace looked like, sketched out and described by the scientists conducting the experiment. None of the remote viewers could give 100% accuracy on the true information. Credit: CIA.gov

Finding Hidden Objects

One of the experiments conducted with psychic powers was trying to get remote viewers to identify objects that are out of view, which could be extremely useful in identifying what sort of weapons the enemy has. The target object was a gold Native American necklace. It was made up of a chain of golden spheres, with larger balls in the center, and the gradually became smaller. Each of these gold balls was etched with designs. The remote viewer was given clay so they could re-create the shape of the target object, and they were asked to describe the history of the people who made it.

Some of the viewers got it completely wrong. One person wrote down information about the Izuzu Japanese car manufacturers. An other person described “people shaped” objects, and others said it was a teacup or a bowl. A few did, however, make small balls out of clay, which is accurate to what the necklace looked like. The most accurate description of the history was someone describing round gold shapes that were hand-made by several people who had to bang on metal. He described someone with dark hair and skin, which would match Native Americans. However, this answer was still pretty vague, and it may have just been a good guess.

From <<https://historycollection.com/project-stargate-10-facts-about-the-us-government-psychic-experiments/2/>>

CIA Documents

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Documents in this Collection


Documents in PDF format require the [Adobe Acrobat Reader®](#)

#1 KEN

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00788R002100520004-9

Pages:

9


Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00788R002100520004-9.pdf	347.44 KB

'ANGLO-SAXON' VS. 'LATIN' PARAPSYCHOLOGY: UNDERLYING THE COMMUNICATION BARRIER (

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00792R000400100005-8

Pages:

13


Attachment	Size
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'GRILL FLAME' MEETING. 30 OCTOBER 1979

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00788R002000250020-2

Pages:

4


Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00788R002000250020-2.pdf	132.49 KB

'MAGICIAN' WALKS INTO THE LABORATORY.

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00787R000500090007-3

Pages:

9


Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00787R000500090007-3.pdf	422.23 KB

'OTHER A' SUMMARY

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00789R001900260002-2

Pages:

1


Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00789R001900260002-2.pdf	35.59 KB

'OTHER B' SUMMARY. SOURCE RV-101

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00789R001900380004-7

Pages:

3


Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00789R001900380004-7.pdf	286.04 KB

'VISAGES': A COMPUTER-BASED TEST OF FACE PRECOGNITION

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00792R000701060001-3

Pages:

14


Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00792R000701060001-3.pdf	998.47 KB

'VISAGES': A COMPUTER-BASED TEST OF FACE PRECOGNITION (MARIO VARVOGLIS & MICHEL-ANGE A

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00792R000700610002-2

Pages:

12


Attachment	Size
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(HANDWRITTEN SESSION NOTES

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Pages:

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Approved For Release 2001/04/03 : CIA-RDP96-00788R001200410004-1
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MISSION STATEMENT

(S/ORCON) To establish a program using psychoenergetics for intelligence applications. Specifically, utilizing that field of psychoenergetics referred to as REMOTE VIEWING. The program encompasses the following:


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Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00789R002100110010-6

Pages:

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Attachment	Size
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Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00788R000600970009-2

Pages:

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(TAB A) TASK FORCE

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00788R001200410003-2

Pages:

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 CIA-RDP96-00788R001200410003-2.pdf	22.1 KB

(TAB B) MISSION STATEMENT

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00788R001200410004-1

Pages:

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Pages:

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(UNTITLED) NOTES

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00789R003700670002-7

Pages:

13


Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00789R003700670002-7.pdf	702.45 KB

(UNTITLED) NOTES FROM RV SESSION. HAND-WRITTEN TASK PAPER

Document Number: CIA-RDP96-00789R003400140004-6

Pages:

2

Attachment	Size
 CIA-RDP96-00789R003400140004-6.pdf	62.01 KB

From <<https://www.cia.gov/readingroom/collection/stargate>>

Successes

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Claims of successful remote viewing

According to the American Institute for Research, which performed the review of the project, no remote viewing report ever provided actionable information for any intelligence operation.^{[22][24]} A number of successful viewings have been claimed in *The Ultimate Time Machine* by [Joseph McMoneagle](#) and *Reading the Enemy's Mind: Inside Star Gate America's Psychic Espionage Program* by Paul H. Smith. Examples of confirmed future targets that are claimed to have been sensed by Stargate remote viewers include:^{[24][25]}

- **The predicted launch date for a newly constructed submarine months before it actually rolled from its construction crib** and into the harbor by Joseph McMoneagle. McMoneagle guessed the submarine would be launched about four months later, sometime in the month of January 1980. Satellite photos confirmed this in mid-January 1980 ^[24] According to Paul H. Smith, McMoneagle predicted several months in the future.^[24]
- **The predicted release of a hostage in the Middle East and a correct description of the medical problem precipitating his release.** The information was provided three weeks before the hostage takers made their decisions.

This conclusion seems to be associated with the following text: "When one of the hostages was released early because of medical conditions and shown the information we [remote-viewers] had accumulated, he was enraged. In his mind, the only way we could possibly had such accurate information, would be to have someone inside the embassy with the hostages..."^[26] The information given by [Keith Harary](#),^{[26][27]} at SRI, the Stargate Project, was: "He seems to be suffering from nausea. One side of his body seems damaged or hurt. He will be on an airplane in the next few days." The target turned out to be the hostage Richard Queen, held by Iranian militants and now desperately ill with symptoms including muscle weakness, lack of coordination, difficulty in vision, spasticity, vertigo, facial numbness, tremor, and emotional lability, multiple sclerosis, that affected his nerves on one side. In part due to his input, Harary says he was later informed by contacts at SRI, President Carter dispatched a plane to bring Queen home.^[24] There is no reference to a three week prediction. There is no mention of the [Iran hostage crisis](#) (November 4, 1979 - January 20, 1981) or this incident in the 1984 book, *The Mind Race: Understanding and Using Psychic Abilities*, by Russell Targ and Keith Harary, which centers around remote viewing experiments and SRI.^[28]

- Upon reading of the May 17, 1987, attack on the frigate the [U.S.S. Stark](#) in *The Washington Post*, Paul H. Smith became convinced that his remote viewing, three days earlier, of an attack on an American warship, including the location, the method, and the motive, was precognition.^[24] The American Warship "viewing" session was around 30 pages long, including writing and sketching of ships, parts of ships, map-like diagrams, etc.^[24]

From <https://military.wikia.org/wiki/Stargate_Project>

A young airman named Rosemary Smith was given a map of Africa. She was told that sometime in the past a Soviet Tu-22 bomber outfitted as a spy plane crashed somewhere in Africa. U.S. intelligence services wanted to recover the top secret Russian codes and equipment the Tu-22 carried.

The plane went down in the Central African Republic. Despite orienting multiple satellites to locate the plane, the DoD kept coming up short. Using her remote viewing, the psychic pinpointed the wreckage, even though it was completely covered by the jungle canopy.

[President Jimmy Carter admitted](#) to U.S. media that that the CIA, without his knowledge, had consulted a psychic to find the missing plane. He told them the plane had been Russian, not American. "The woman went into a trance and gave some latitude and longitude figures." The former President said. "We focused our satellite cameras on that point and the plane was there." When asked how he processed the news that a psychic located the plane, Carter replied: "With skepticism."

From <<https://www.wearthemighty.com/mighty-history/us-military-hired-a-psychic/>>

Remote Viewing

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What is Remote Viewing? Here's a Simple Explanation ...

Remote viewing is a controlled and trainable mental process involving psi (or psychic ability). It is used to transfer perceptual information across time and space. It is clear that remote viewing works in complete violation of the accepted "laws" of quantum and relativistic physics. So those "laws" are incomplete. [There is a theory about why it works on the level of physics](#), but that theory has not yet gained mainstream acceptance. The core of that theory involves an interpretation of quantum mechanics that is known as the "Other Worlds" interpretation of the famous "two-slit experiment" that was developed by Hugh Everett and published in 1957. A majority of mainstream physicists currently do not support that theory, but the number of physicists who do support it is significant and growing.

From <https://farsight.org/WhatsRemoteViewing.html>

How To Do Remote Viewing: Techniques For Beginners

by [Alissa Monroe](#)

Imagine being able to perceive vital (or non-vital) information from an impossible distance. This ability, the ability of remote viewing, is a skill that anybody can actually learn, regardless of their natural psychic receptivity skill level.

[Similar to clairvoyance](#), remote viewing is the ability to sense accurate details and information regarding a location (that is non-local or distant), event, or a person without utilizing any obvious means or any of your physical senses. This ability is not to be confused with astral projection, where the practitioner leaves their body, but it is somewhat similar and is often spoken about similarly.

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How Remote Viewing Began

This practice of viewing information from a distance can be traced back as far as the times of Ancient Greece, although it has transformed quite a bit over the years. The modern uses of this practice date back to around the 1930s when there were experiments being done on clairvoyance, out of body experiences, and telepathy.

[Astral Travel](#) was a huge source of speculation and experiments, and eventually, researchers began to move on to additional experiments that focused on remote viewing and how to refine the practice. The ability to view information about a person, place, or event is a skill that can be learned through diligent effort and practice.

How To Remote View



Before you begin, you should try to place yourself in the proper physical and mental state required to remote view successfully. You should be open to receiving any and all information on whatever you decide to focus on because you never know what pieces of information are vital until you are finished with the viewing. Experienced psychics and beginners alike can benefit from practicing this skill.

1. Practice with Some Simple Experiments

Planning some basic experiments to start with is a good place to begin. Ask an assistant to put an image or a note into an envelope, ensuring that you as the viewer have no clue about what the image or note could be.

Another simple experiment could consist of sending the person acting as your assistant out of your immediate vicinity and into another room or leaving the home or building completely. Once they are in their new location, have them perform a specific act or a daily activity and see if you are able to sense what they are doing.

If you are doing this without an assistant, you can still practice on your own by focusing yourself on what the weather is in a specified location and then checking it soon afterward to check your accuracy.

2. Select Your Target

Have a close friend or family member act as your remote viewing assistant by selecting 5 to 10 photos. They should cut these images out of the magazine or wherever they came from and then paste the images onto a blank sheet of white paper with only one picture per paper. Make sure that these are not cartoons – these should be images from the real world. Pictures of things like nature, architecture, or people will be perfect. Ask your remote viewing assistant not to select a target that could be offensive or distracting to you, the viewer.

3. Perceive the Target

Remote viewing is defined as *the ability to acquire accurate information about a distant or non-local place, person or event without using your physical senses or any other obvious means*. It's associated with the idea of clairvoyance and sometimes called "anomalous cognition" or "second sight." The difference between natural psychic receptivity and remote viewing is that the latter is a trained skill that the average person can learn to do.

Assignment: Increase Your Sensitivity to Unconscious Information

About 80% of the sensory information you experience each moment is generated by your brain. To save energy and time, your mind makes its best guess about what's going on around you, using a small sampling of the environment. When you practice remote viewing, you're attempting to describe very subtle information that is much weaker than your conscious perception. Your assignment is to increase your sensitivity to subtle information and learn how to collect unconscious information before your conscious mind interferes.

Spend time each day considering the sensory information in your immediate environment. Notice your surroundings, including the range of colors, sounds and smells. Take a second look: more presence in the moment increases your sensitivity to subtle information.

From <https://www.gaia.com/article/how-to-remote-view>



When beginning to practice your remote viewing, you should note that it is not uncommon to view cloudy information that you receive that holds some type of attachment to your own personal memories or interactions. Sorting through what is real and what isn't a part of the viewing shouldn't be too troublesome if you know your own psychology well enough. You can prepare yourself for this by going into your remote viewing session with as clear and clean of a state of mind and body as possible. Meditating can help you here as well as closing your eyes in order to better focus on viewing the target in your mind through a portal, such as a window or even a magnifying glass. After you establish the portal connection that you'd like to use, you should begin to draw or write out whatever initial impressions you receive (even if your eyes are closed). These initial impressions can be quite odd, and that's completely fine – just do not halt the flow of information as you view or perceive whatever comes to you.

4. Don't Second Guess Yourself

As you are taking note of whatever images or other information enters your mind, make sure you are jotting everything down. Even the faintest of images are important, but you should still aim to be as descriptive as possible without letting any of your own personal judgment impact the information. As you receive all of this information, it enters your mind as well as the autonomic nervous system. This means that your unconsciousness is already aware of all of this information about your target; it just needs to send this information to your conscious mind. This is done through even the subtlest feelings, sensations, and images, which is why it is so important to write down everything you feel while remote viewing.

5. Add to What You Sensed



When you sense that you are done with the viewing, you can open your eyes if they were closed and analyze the results. Whether your notes were recorded, drawn, or written, you should proceed to notate your immediate feelings and reactions to your previous notes. Write down anything that you feel may be relevant. Don't concern yourself with rationalizing anything just yet, especially since you had no previous ideas or knowledge of what you were remotely viewing when you began. You should begin interpreting everything only after you have notated all of your impressions and sensations about what you initially sensed. Even if it is just a jumble of scribbles and whacky drawings, you can still try to decipher it.

6. Repeat This Process

Once you are finished collecting and interpreting the initial information wave, you can repeat the process to expand on the information you gathered.

From <<https://www.psychics4today.com/how-to-remote-view/>>

The men who stare at goats

Monday, August 23, 2021 4:36 PM

Book synopsis[edit]

The book's first five chapters examine the efforts of a handful of U.S. Army officers in the late 1970s and early 1980s to exploit [paranormal](#) phenomena, [New Age](#) philosophy, and elements of the [human potential movement](#) to enhance U.S. military intelligence-gathering capabilities as well as overall operational effectiveness. These include the *First Earth Battalion Operations Manual* (1979) and a "psychic spy unit" established by Army Intelligence at [Fort Meade](#), Maryland, in the late 1970s. (This was the [Stargate Project](#),^{[[citation needed](#)]} which the book never mentions by name.) Ronson is put on the historical trail of the "men who stare at goats"—[Special Forces](#) soldiers who supposedly experimented with psychic powers against [de-bleated](#) goats at [Fort Bragg](#), [North Carolina](#), at the now-decommissioned "Goat Lab" medical training facility. He examines, and dispenses with, several candidates for the legendary "master sergeant" (Chapter 2) who was reported to have killed a goat simply by staring at it, in the earliest days of the program. A martial arts instructor named Guy Savelli claims to be the one.

In the middle third of the book (Chapters 6–11), the author leaps to the present day—i.e., 2004, just after the [Abu Ghraib abuse](#) revelations—and attempts to make connections between the earlier (now terminated, and mostly discredited) military programs and the abuses resulting from the post-9/11 [War on Terror](#) (Abu Ghraib, Guantanamo Bay, psyops in Iraq, etc.). This includes the use of the children's song "[Barney & Friends](#)" on Iraqi prisoners-of-war. A purported linking element is the alleged use of music and [subliminal messaging](#) at the 1993 [Waco siege](#) and other FBI operations. Another is the private business "franchises" and consultancies that retired members of the "psychic unit" later pursued as civilians. A connection is also proposed between these "privatized" psychics and the mass-suicide of members of the [Heaven's Gate cult](#) in 1997.

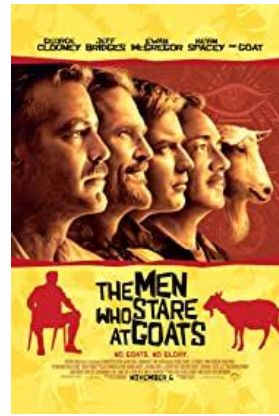
The final section of the book (Chapters 13–16) leaps backward to the 1950s and attempts to connect the Army psychic program, and later interrogation techniques, with the CIA's [MK-ULTRA](#) "mind control" research program and the notorious death of Army researcher [Frank Olson](#) in 1953. Ronson spends time with Olson's son Eric as he attempts to uncover the mystery of his father's death. The reason his father was terminated, as we discover, was not simply because he knew too much but, rather, that he was having a crisis of conscience and seriously entertaining the notion of going public with all that he knew. The narrative ends with the suggestion that the "psychic warriors" are now back in business working for the U.S. military again, possibly in support of assassinations.

Featured individuals[edit]

Interviewed by Ronson[edit]

- Glenn B. Wheaton, retired [U.S. Army Special Forces sergeant](#) with [5th SFG](#); [psychic](#) and [remote viewer](#); set Ronson on the trail of the "men who stare at goats"
 - [Albert Stubblebine](#), retired Army major general; career military intelligence officer; proponent of psychic warfare, levitation, spoon-bending and walking through walls
 - [Jim Channon](#), retired Army lieutenant colonel; author of the *First Earth Battalion Operations Manual*; New Age guru and consultant
 - [John B. Alexander](#), retired Army colonel; proponent of non-lethal weapons and of military applications of the paranormal; introduced Channon's book to Stubblebine
 - Frederick Holmes "Skip" Atwater, retired Army lieutenant; Gen. Stubblebine's "psychic headhunter"; later president of the [Monroe Institute](#)
 - James V. Hardt, research psychologist and expert on the electrophysiological basis of spiritual states; assisted the "men who stare at goats"
 - [Steven Halpern](#), [new-age musician](#) consulted by the Army on how to deploy music as a weapon or for mind-control via subliminal messages
 - [Guy Savelli](#), [martial artist](#) and psychic; recruited to work with US Special Forces by Col. Alexander; purportedly "downed" a goat and killed a [hamster](#) using only his mind
 - Pete Brusso, martial artist and psychic; inventor/marketer of a personal self-defense weapon ("the Predator"); Savelli's rival for US military contract work
 - [Uri Geller](#), [spoon-bending](#) Israeli celebrity psychic entertainer; self-described consultant to the US military
 - Prof. [Courtney Brown](#), [Emory University](#) political scientist and paranormal proponent; allegedly barred from the Art Bell radio show after inspiring the [Heaven's Gate](#) mass suicide
 - Prudence Calabrese, psychic who worked with Courtney Brown; also banned from the Art Bell radio show
 - [Christopher Cerf](#), *[Sexsome Street](#)* songwriter; song appropriated by US Army [PsyOps](#) soldiers in Iraq
 - [Jamal al-Harith](#), Jamaican-British convert to Islam; subjected to musical weirdness as [GTMQ](#) prisoner
 - [Edward \("Ed"\) A. Dames](#), retired Army major, intelligence officer and psychic; frequent guest on the Art Bell radio show; known as "Dr Doom"
 - [Joseph McMoneagle](#), retired Army NCO and chief warrant officer; intelligence officer and psychic; now runs a remote viewing business
 - Lyn Buchanan, retired Army intelligence NCO and psychic; unlike several of his colleagues, did not go on to develop a civilian "psychic franchise"
 - Eric Olson, son of [Frank Olson](#); lifelong activist to uncover cause of his father's mysterious death
 - [Bob Ricks](#), American law enforcement official; incident commander at 1993 [Waco siege](#)
 - Norman Cournoyer, Ft. Detrick colleague of Frank Olson; confirmed to Frank's son Eric that, in his view, his father's death was a CIA murder
- Discussed in depth**^{[[edit](#)]}
- [Michael Echanis](#), self-styled "soldier of fortune" and psychic martial artist; "pin up" icon for Special Forces groupies; died in a 1978 accident in Nicaragua
 - Gen. [Manuel Noriega](#), superstitious dictator of [Panama](#); exploited sorcery and witchcraft to wield power; nemesis of Gen. Stubblebine
 - [Art Bell](#), late night radio host and proponent of all manner of paranormality and conspiracies; mentor to Ed Dames
 - [Tony Robbins](#), self-help guru and [firewalker](#); mentor to Gen. Stubblebine
 - [Frank Burns](#), retired Army colonel and Internet pioneer; purportedly coined (with Channon) the Army's '80s recruiting slogan "[Be All That You Can Be](#)"
 - [Igor Smirnov](#), Russian psychiatrist; mind-control and thought projection expert; consulted by FBI during the 1993 [Waco siege](#)
 - [Frank Olson](#), American bacteriologist and Army bio-weaponeer; died in 1953 in tragic CIA misadventure
 - [Sidney Gottlieb](#), American chemist and CIA spymaster; dosed Frank Olson with LSD days before his death
 - "Dr. Bucha", U.S. Army scientist who, in the 1950s, investigated tactical uses of helicopter [flicker vertigo](#); may be an urban legend as no one knows his first name
 - [David Koresh](#), American leader of the [Branch Davidians](#) religious sect; subjected to musical weirdness and finally killed during 1993 Waco siege

From <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/The_Men_Who_Stare_at_Goats>



A reporter in Iraq might just have the story of a lifetime when he meets Lyn Cassady, a guy who claims to be a former member of the U.S. Army's New Earth Army, a unit that employs paranormal powers in their missions.

- Director
- [Grant Heslov](#)
- Writers
- [Jon Ronson](#)(inspired by the book)
- [Peter Straughan](#)(screenplay)
- [Stars](#)
- [Ewan McGregor](#)
- [George Clooney](#)
- [Kevin Spacey](#)

From <<https://www.imdb.com/title/tt1234548/>>

The Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) is an intelligence agency of the United States federal government, specializing in defense and military intelligence. A component of the Department of Defense (DoD) and the United States Intelligence Community (IC), DIA informs national civilian and defense policymakers about the military intentions and capabilities of foreign governments and non-state actors. It also provides intelligence assistance, integration and coordination across uniformed military service intelligence components, which remain structurally separate from DIA. The agency's role encompasses the collection and analysis of military-related foreign political, economic, industrial, geographic, and medical and health intelligence. DIA produces approximately one-quarter of all intelligence content that goes into the President's Daily Brief. DIA's intelligence operations extend beyond the zones of combat, and approximately half of its employees serve overseas at hundreds of locations and in U.S. embassies in 140 countries. The agency specializes in the collection and analysis of human-source intelligence (HUMINT), both overt and clandestine, while also handling U.S. military-diplomatic relations abroad. DIA concurrently serves as the national manager for the highly technical measurement and signature intelligence (MASINT) and as the Defense Department manager for counterintelligence programs. The agency has no law enforcement authority, contrary to occasional portrayals in American popular culture. DIA is a national-level intelligence organization that does not belong to a single military element or within the traditional chain of command, instead answering to the Secretary of Defense directly through the USDI. Three-quarters of the agency's 17,000 employees are career civilians who are experts in various fields of defense and military interest or application; although no military background is required, 48% of agency employees have some past military service. DIA has a tradition of marking unclassified deaths of its employees on the organization's Memorial Wall. Established in 1961 under President John F. Kennedy by Defense Secretary Robert McNamara, DIA was involved in U.S. intelligence efforts throughout the Cold War and rapidly expanded, both in size and scope, after the September 11 attacks. Because of the sensitive nature of its work, the spy organization has been embroiled in numerous controversies, including those related to its intelligence-gathering activities, to its role in torture, as well as to attempts to expand its activities on U.S. soil.

From <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Defense_Intelligence_Agency>



Seal of the United States Defense Intelligence Agency

Agency overview	
Formed	October 1, 1961; 59 years ago
Headquarters	DIA Headquarters, Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling, Washington, D.C.
Motto	Committed to Excellence in Defense of the Nation
Employees	16,500
Annual budget	Classified
Agency executives	<div><div>•</div>LTG Scott D. Berrier, Director</div> <div><div>•</div>Suzanne L. White, Deputy Director</div>
Parent agency	Department of Defense
Website	DIA.mil

Defense Intelligence Agency

From <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Defense_Intelligence_Agency>

About DIA

At DIA, we provide military intelligence to warfighters, defense policymakers and force planners in the Department of Defense and the Intelligence Community, in support of U.S. military planning and operations and weapon systems acquisition. We plan, manage, and execute intelligence operations during peacetime, crisis, and war.

Read more about our Leadership

Our diverse workforce is skilled in military history and doctrine, economics, physics, chemistry, world history, political science, bio-sciences, and computer sciences to name a few. We travel the world, and meet and work closely with professionals from foreign countries.

Read more about our Diversity

About the DIA Seal

The initial letters of the Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA) also comprise the Greek word "dia," which means divided into two parts.

In this instance, the flaming torch and its gold color represent knowledge, i.e., intelligence, "lighting" the way of the "known" light blue-green world against the darkness or unknown symbolized by the dark background —"the area of the truth" still sought by the worldwide mission of the Agency.

The two red atomic ellipses symbolize the scientific and technical aspects of intelligence today and of the future. The 13 stars and the wreath are adopted from the Department of Defense (DoD) seal and identifies the Agency as a DoD organization.

Use of the Defense Intelligence Agency Seal

Federal Law (10 U.S.C. 425) prohibits use of the words "Defense Intelligence Agency", the initials "DIA", the seal of the Defense Intelligence Agency, or any colorable imitation of such words, initials, or seal in connection with any merchandise, impersonation, solicitation, or commercial activity in a manner reasonably calculated to convey the impression that such use is approved, endorsed, or authorized by the Defense Intelligence Agency.

18 U.S.C. 701

Whoever manufactures, sells, or possesses any badge, identification card, or other insignia, of the design prescribed by the head of any department or agency of the United States for use by any officer or employee thereof, or any colorable imitation thereof, or photographs, prints, or in any other manner makes or executes any engraving, photograph, print, or impression in the likeness of any such badge, identification card, or other insignia, or any colorable imitation thereof, except as authorized under regulations made pursuant to law, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than six months, or both.

From <https://www.dia.mil/About/>

About SRI International

We are a 75-year pioneering research institute with a rich history supporting government and industry. SRI International (formerly Stanford Research Institute) is organized around broad disciplines and capabilities, from research and development divisions and labs to groups who excel at identifying new opportunities, developing products and creating custom solutions. Our organization is driven by impact—delivering unique solutions for the world’s important challenges and transforming ideas into reality for clients are partners.

At SRI, we believe the greatest challenges and opportunities require a collective effort to really make a difference.

From <<https://www.sri.com/about-us/>>

SRI International (SRI) is an American [nonprofit scientific research institute](#) and organization headquartered in [Menlo Park, California](#). The trustees of [Stanford University](#) established SRI in 1946 as a center of innovation to support economic development in the region.

The organization was founded as the **Stanford Research Institute**. SRI formally separated from Stanford University in 1970 and became known as SRI International in 1977. SRI performs client -sponsored [research and development](#) for government agencies, commercial businesses, and private foundations. It also licenses its technologies, forms strategic partnerships, sells products, and creates [spin-off](#) companies.


SRI's annual revenue in 2014 was approximately \$540 million. SRI's headquarters are located near the Stanford University campus. [William A. Jeffrey](#) has served as SRI's president and CEO since September 2014. SRI employs about 2,100 people. [Sarnoff Corporation](#), a wholly owned subsidiary of SRI since 1988, was fully integrated into SRI in January 2011.

SRI's focus areas include biomedical sciences, chemistry and materials, computing, Earth and space systems, economic development, education and learning, energy and [environmental technology](#), security and national defense, as well as sensing and devices. SRI has received more than 4,000 [patents](#) and patent applications worldwide.

From <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SRI_International>

PROPOSAL FOR RESEARCH SRI INTERNATIONAL NO. ESU 83-134

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Collection:
STARGATE
Document Number (FOIA)/ESDN (CREST):
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Release Decision:
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1 Part One--Technical Proposal
Prepared for: Prepared by:
Edwin C. May
Senior Research Physicist
Harold E. Puthoff
Senior Research Engineer
Approved by:
Robert S. Leonard, Director

From <<https://www.cia.gov/readingroom/document/cia-rdp96-00788r001500110016-8>>

Monroe Institute

Tuesday, August 24, 2021 5:25 PM

Our Purpose

The global awakening of human consciousness.

Our Mission

Helping people create more meaningful and joyful lives through the guided exploration of expanded consciousness.

The Monroe Institute is the world leader in human consciousness exploration. Founded in the early 1970s as an educational and research organization by Robert A. Monroe, our experiential programs are offered on our main campus in Faber, Virginia USA as well as 12 additional countries and online.

Using specially designed binaural beat audio-guided technology, originally developed by Bob Monroe, you will learn valuable tools to explore, navigate and use non-physical aspects of your own higher consciousness.

Join the tens of thousands of people who have attended our [retreats](#) and awaken your consciousness to discover a new more compassionate perspective about yourself and others—what and who you are and why you are here.

From <<https://www.monroeinstitute.org/pages/our-purpose>>

	
Type	Public company
Traded as	NYSE: SAIC S&P 400 Component
Industry	Information technology and engineering
Founded	1969 (original company) 2013 (as a spin-off of Leidos, formerly SAIC)
Headquarters	Reston, Fairfax, Virginia , United States
Area served	worldwide
Key people	Donna Morea (chairman) ^{en} Nazzik S. Keene (chief executive officer) ^{en}
Revenue	US\$7.2 billion (annual) ^{en}
Total assets	US\$4.6 billion ^{en}
Number of employees	25,500 ^{en} (2019)
Website	saic.com

Science Applications International Corporation

From <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Science_Applications_International_Corporation>

SAIC brings trusted, transformational solutions tied to the mission: protecting our nation and the world.

SAIC’s solutions for the U.S. intelligence community (IC) deliver the mission understanding, transformative technology, and trusted people needed to protect our nation and the world. Whether our customers are modernizing their infrastructure, creating an agile workforce, or seeking to better leverage their data, SAIC has made the investments in talent, development, and novel processes to accelerate mission success. Explore a few of our offerings and contact us to discuss how we can help accelerate your time to solution.

From <<https://www.saic.com/who-we-serve/intelligence-community>>

Our solutions improve decision-making, enhance readiness, and elevate outcomes in critical missions.

SAIC drives applied science and intersects it with policy and operations expertise to make a difference in national and global security matters. Our people in engineering and integration, advanced analytics, training, and program management integrate capabilities across disciplines in proven and innovative ways to achieve one common objective: customer mission success.



Engineering & Integration

Through our digital engineering ecosystem, we integrate multiple disciplines to improve complex systems development using digital models.



Analytics

Our team provides a holistic approach to applying better data tools and management for deeply insightful decision-making and strategic planning.



Immersive Technologies

SAIC applies technologies like AR, VR, MR, serious gaming, and virtual environments and simulations to engage individuals for greater performance.



Program Management

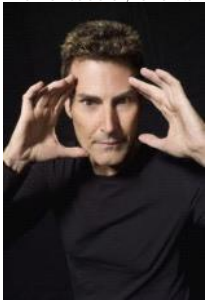
From policy to budgeting, we bring in a mix of personnel and technology resources to orchestrate customers’ missions to cost and performance success.

From <<https://www.saic.com/what-we-do/mission-support>>

Uri Geller's short biography

Uri Geller is one of the world's most investigated and celebrated mystifiers. Famous around the globe for his mind-bending abilities, he has led a unique life shrouded in debate, controversy and mystery. He is also related to Sigmund Freud.

Uri Geller was born in Israel on December 20, 1946. His parents were of Hungarian and Austrian descent, and he is distantly related on his mother's side to Sigmund Freud. At the age of four he had a mysterious encounter with a sphere of light while in a garden near his house. A retired Israeli air force officer, who was an eyewitness to this encounter, validated this mystifying event decades later. He first became aware of his unusual powers when he was five. One day, during a meal, his spoon curled up in his hand and broke, although he had applied no physical pressure to it. His parents were somewhat shocked and Uri did not mention the incident to anyone else at that time. He developed these powers in school by demonstrating them to pupils. His mother thought he inherited them from Sigmund Freud. When he was eleven, he went to live in Cyprus, where he remained until he was seventeen.



He then returned to Israel, served as a paratrooper in the Israeli army and fought in the Six-Day War of 1967 during which he was wounded in action.

From 1968 to 1969 Uri worked as a model, being photographed for many different ad campaigns.

In 1969 he began to demonstrate his powers of telepathy and psychokinesis to small audiences. By the end of 1971, he was a household name throughout Israel, thanks to his numerous stage appearances. He was given a huge boost by the then Prime Minister, Golda Meir when asked on a national radio programme what she predicted for the future of Israel, she replied, "Don't ask me – ask Uri Geller!"

Uri has been studied by the world's leading scientists, including a few who worked with Albert Einstein.

The world's most prestigious scientific magazine, Nature, published a paper on Uri's work at the Stanford Research Institute in the U.S.A – a unique endorsement, and an irrefutable proof that his skills are genuine. His work with the FBI and the CIA has ranged from using Mind Power to erase KGB computer files and track serial killers, to attending nuclear disarmament negotiations to bombard and influence the Russian chief negotiator with positive thought waves so that the Soviet delegation would sign the Nuclear Arms Reduction Treaty. Uri also addressed a group of US Senators and National Security Executives at the high-security room in the Capitol Building in Washington. For decades this aspect of his career was too confidential and controversial to discuss. Uri Geller's name has also appeared countless times in crossword puzzles around the world, including The New York Times, Washington Post, New York Magazine, TV Guide (USA), People, New Yorker Magazine, and International Herald Tribune and even in the general knowledge game of Trivial Pursuit. Marvel Comics' Daredevil featured Uri on the cover as "The most shocking guest star of all The Incomparable Uri Geller!".

Uri helped to negotiate an amicable agreement between the Palestine Red Crescent and Israel's Magen David Adom: ***"Uri Geller did not just help break the ice with the skills that have made him famous – a considerable number of bent spoons line the road that led to this agreement,"*** said Swiss President Micheline Calmy-Rey. "He has also played a pivotal role in helping everyone focus on the main objective and overcoming differences over secondary details at key junctures," she told the assembled dignitaries. Later on in Geneva he read a speech from the organization pledging to address Syria's humanitarian concerns to a 192-nation conference to approve a new Red Cross (Red Crystal) emblem that enabled Israel to join the movement after nearly six decades of exclusion. Uri has lectured to the directors and CEOs of large multinational companies such as Henkel, the Prime Minister's Conference, Novartis, Mizuno, Sony, Rolls Royce, Hallmark and many more. He was also invited by PriceWaterhouseCoopers as a speaker to the 2004 World Economic Forum at Davos, Switzerland, along with such dignitaries as Bill Clinton, Dick Cheney and Steve Forbes. In 2006 Uri lectured to the heads of Reuters in Jerusalem and also to the heads of Google Europe. In 2007 and 2008 among many other lectures he motivated Balderton Capital at their Annual CEO Summit in London and Turkey's chemical giant Gensan in Istanbul.

A vegetarian and fervent promoter of peace, Uri has used his intuitive abilities to successfully detect oil and precious metals, one of his successes in locating a huge offshore oil field for Mexico's national oil company PEMEX resulted in Uri getting a Mexican nationality as a token of appreciation and honour by Mexico's President Jose Lopez Portillo. This has provided him the freedom to help others. He counts Sigmund Freud among his forebears, and he is the motivational Mind Power coach to Premier League footballers, industrialists, Formula One drivers, boxers and racing cyclists. An avid fitness enthusiast, Uri cycles 15 miles daily on his exercise bike.

Uri has founded The Uri Geller Charitable Foundation from which he helps sick and under privileged children.

Uri Geller is mentioned in at least 1,250 different books.

A major motion picture inspired by Uri's life story titled MindBender was filmed in Israel directed by the legendary Ken Russell starring Oscar nominee Terrence Stamp. The film was distributed among others by Disney's Buena Vista.

Uri's artistic skills began during his early childhood. A 'pupil' of Salvador Dali, whom he knew well, Uri has exhibited his drawings, paintings and artworks in major galleries and museums in the USA, Europe, Japan and Israel. His creations of pottery, led crystals, natural rock crystal jewellery and watches for QVC are in great demand worldwide. Uri's drawings are featured on both Belinda Carlisle's and Michael Jackson's latest albums. Uri Geller also helped to design the logo of the most successful boy band in the world ever, N'SYNC.

He has met great artists such as Andy Warhol, Picasso, Peter Max and John Lennon, who was his close friend in New York during the Seventies.

Uri's tireless dedication to charitable work and humanitarian projects led to his appointment as the Honorary Vice-President of the Royal Hospital for Children in Bristol and of the Royal Berkshire Hospital, close to his Thames-side mansion. On numerous occasions, Uri has given awards on behalf of His Royal Highness Prince Philip, The Duke of Edinburgh, at Buckingham Palace and St. James Palace, and lectured at the United Nations for international delegates. He is the father of a daughter and son, both in their mid-twenties; he is also the owner of two dogs and the author of fifteen best-sellers, including the novels Ella, currently in production to be made into a major Hollywood movie, and Dead Cold, which was listed as a contender for the Golden Dagger Award by The Times in the UK.

His television series The Successor, which premiered in Israel in early 2007 to historic record-breaking ratings, has now been launched worldwide. Screening in the United States on NBC prime time, under the title Phenomenon, the show was co-hosted by the mystifying artist Criss Angel. Uri Geller himself created the format and helped to adapt it for Germany's ProSieben, where it topped the ratings in January 2008. The show has also been a massive hit in Holland, Hungary, Turkey, Greece, Ukraine, Sweden and Russia, soon to be produced in England, Spain, Italy and the Czech Republic/Slovenia. The Successor was televised also in Canada, Iceland, Australia and Finland.

A&E, the American cable network, broadcast the NBC version of his series Phenomenon in Latin America, including Brazil, Argentina, Venezuela, Columbia, Mexico and many more South American countries.

In 2008 Uri created an amazing UFO TV event in Germany and more TV specials are planned for worldwide distribution.

The 3rd season of the Dutch series of The New Uri Geller / The Next Uri Geller was televised in 2010 with great success, and in 2011 "Phenomenon, The Next Uri Geller" live TV show amazed Ukraine for 11 weeks.

Although he is not a Magician, Uri was very proud to accept the David Berglas International Magic Award in London in 2008, for his services to the promotion of Magic. In 2010, he received in Los Angeles the prestigious Dunninger memorial award. In 2015 Uri received The Wizard Trophy, for his contribution to the magic world.

In 2012 Uri was awarded the prestigious Golden Grolla award, at the eleventh "Masters of Magic" convention in St Vincent Italy, for inspiring the world of magic. In 2012 Uri also received the Star Foundation award at the house of commons (Houses of Parliament) in London, in recognition of his charity work.

In July 2013 Oscar winning director Vikram Jayanti created a ground breaking 1.5 hour documentary for the BBC, titled , "The Secret Life of Uri Geller – Psychic Spy?" The documentary received critical acclaim and worldwide media interest, including full page and double page articles in some of the worlds leading newspapers.

Also in 2013, journalist and master biographer Jonathan Margolis created the book "The Secret Life of Uri Geller: CIA Masterspy?" which was released as a paperback and as a digital publication for Kindle, iPad and other devices.

In October 2013 Uri was interviewed live on the radio station Coast to Coast AM by George Knapp, the interview lasted for four hours and the huge amount of interest that was generated by Uri's live psychic experiment caused a surge of traffic which almost crashed the website's host servers.

In 2013 the British Ironwork Centre were inspired by Uri to create a one of a kind statue of a gorilla made entirely out of spoons, including a spoon donated by Uri which once belonged to Winston Churchill. The project gained nationwide publicity including thousands of spoons being donated by British school children, and later the story spread to other parts of the world which saw a mass of donated spoons totalling over 40,000 being used to complete the stunning piece of art which was unveiled by His Royal Highness prince Michael of Kent in May 2014.

In 2015 FISM (the International Federation of Magical Societies) invited Uri to deliver an inspirational, motivational lecture to over 1500 Magicians at FISM Italy. Uri's highly acclaimed performance has been used along with other exclusive footage to create the first ever DVD from Uri Geller, "The Uri Geller Trilogy."

Within recent years Uri helped to inspire two Hollywood movies; Red Lights in which an exaggerated version of Uri was played by Robert De Niro, and "The Men Who Stare at Goats" in which the character played by George Clooney was based on Uri, following Jon Ronson (the journalist who wrote the book that the movie was based on) having interviewed Uri about his experiences.

In 2017 the CIA released a large volume of previously top secret data, including documents and memos about the tests that were performed on Uri Geller.

The CIA concluded that Uri "demonstrated his paranormal perception ability in a convincing and unambiguous manner." [Click here](https://www.urigeller.com/uri-gellers-short-biography/) for more information.

Ingo Swann, The Psychic Agent

An artist and renowned psychic from New York named Ingo Swann was invited to participate in Project Stargate. The CIA wanted to see if they could train their psychic agents to move things with their mind, and they believe Swann was a good candidate in the use of psychokinesis. In one experiment, a psychic known as Ingo Swann was shown an instrument, and how it works. They asked him to use his mind to alter the behavior of this instrument. With each experiment, they brought Ingo Swann further and further away, until they were separated by two large steel walls. In 80% of the sessions, they saw significant results that the instrument moved. They had run the experiment with several other candidates, whose results were closer to 30% accuracy.

After this experiment, the CIA was so convinced that he really did have psychic powers, that they put Ingo Swann in charge of more projects. During the 1970's, there had never been any satellites sent to the planet Jupiter. NASA had just launched a satellite to Jupiter called Pioneer 10, and they were curious to see if they could send a "psychic probe" to the planet at the same time, and see if the remote viewing descriptions matched the reality of the mysterious planet.

Both Ingo Swann and a second agent named Harold Sherman were placed in sensory deprivation tanks, and asked to remote view to another planet. Their descriptions of Jupiter were recorded independent of one another, and yet they both described almost identical visions. Their descriptions are so similar, it truly is like they rehearsed their lines beforehand, but they had no way of knowing that they were 100% accurate to the reality. They both described multi-colored streams of thick clouds that surrounded the planet, harsh storms, The Big Red Spot, and floating crystals. In the year 2000, NASA launched the Juno Satellite to take high definition photographs of Jupiter. We now know that the surface of Jupiter looks exactly like what Swann and Sherman described.



Photograph of Mount Hayes in Alaska, with no alien lab to be seen. Credit: Wikimedia Commons.

From <<https://historycollection.com/project-stargate-10-facts-about-the-us-government-psychic-experiments/3/>>

A Dynamic Psychokinesis Experiment With Ingo Swann



Photo credit: thelivingmoon.com

Ingo Swann, another famous psi-sensitive employed by the CIA, was a reported remote viewer who also exhibited other psi [phenomena](#) such as psychokinesis.

The majority of the Project Stargate experiments had to do with remote viewing because it was believed that this particular psi ability had the most [tactical](#) value. However, the CIA occasionally explored the mind's potential to directly affect physical matter, a phenomenon known as psychokinesis.

In February 1976, the CIA took Swann to one of their affiliates, Maimonides Medical Center, to see if this reported psi-sensitive could psychokinetically affect the results given by a random number generator. [\[8\]](#) According to the report, the experiment was a success.

From <<https://listverse.com/2017/10/12/top-10-spookiest-declassified-project-stargate-documents/>>

Frank Olson

Monday, August 23, 2021 8:24 PM

Eric Olson now believes that his father was involved with MK-ULTRA and Project Stargate. Olson knows that his father was genuinely a good person, and he would have had moral issues with many of the experiments that were going on. He believes that his father was murdered in order to keep him silent. After performing the autopsy, Olson held a press conference on his front lawn. He wanted to expose the CIA for killing his father. TV cameras and reports showed up to cover the story, but no one included his conspiracy theories about the CIA in their official reports, except for a documentary filmmaker who was looking into Project Stargate. Instead, the reporters spun it as a human interest story of a son who was grieving his father.

The story of Frank Olson has been investigated in multiple documentaries, including the Unsolved Mysteries TV series, the Netflix docu-series "Wormwood", and more. His story also inspired a suicide written into the script of *The Men Who Stare at Goats*, but in the movie, it was a catalyst to end the psychic project, rather than spur on more funding.

From <<https://historycollection.com/project-stargate-10-facts-about-the-us-government-psycho-experiments/5/>>



Joseph McMoneagle

Tuesday, August 24, 2021 5:22 PM

[Jump to navigation](#)[Jump to search](#)

Joseph McMoneagle	
Nickname(s)	Remote Viewer No. 1
Born	January 10, 1946 (age 75) <div> Miami, Florida</div>
Allegiance	 United States of America
Service/branch	 United States Army
Years of service	1964–1984 (20 years)
Rank	 Chief Warrant Officer
Unit	 Stargate Project, DIA
Awards	 Legion of Merit
Other work	 Monroe Institute

Joseph McMoneagle (born January 10, 1946, in [Miami, Florida](#)) is a retired [U.S. Army Chief Warrant Officer](#). He was involved in "[remote viewing](#)" (RV) operations and experiments conducted by [U.S. Army Intelligence](#) and the [Stanford Research Institute](#). He was among the first personnel recruited for the [classified](#) program now known as the [Stargate Project](#) (1978–95). Along with colleague [Ingo Swann](#), McMoneagle is best known for claims surrounding the investigation of RV and the use of [paranormal](#) abilities for [military intelligence](#) gathering. His interests also include [near-death experiences](#), [out-of-body travel](#), and [unidentified flying objects](#).

From https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Joseph_McMoneagle>



Joseph W. McMoneagle

Joe McMoneagle, internationally renowned as a master remote viewer and [author of four books](#) on remote viewing has 47 years of professional and scientific expertise in research and development within numerous multi-level technical intelligence collection systems and in the field of the paranormal and the social sciences. He was an R&D consultant to SRI-International and Science Applications International Corporation, Inc. where he participated in protocol design, statistical information collection, evaluations, thousands of remote viewing trials in support of both experimental research as well as active intelligence operations for what is now known as Project STARGATE. Joe is co-owner of Intuitive Intelligence Applications, Inc., which provides support to multiple research facilities and corporations with a full range of collection applications using Anomalous Cognition (AC) in the production of original and cutting-edge information.

He has also successfully demonstrated his abilities as a psychic and remote viewer under strict scientific control in various labs and on national television networks in six countries, to include: National Geographic, Discovery Channel, BBC, ABC, CBS, NBC, Fox, Channel 4 England, and Nippon and Ashai TV in Japan.

Well-versed with developmental theory, methods of application, and current training technologies for remote viewing, Joe now shares his expertise by facilitating Monroe's Remote Viewing I and II programs. He trains participants to acquire and describe information seemingly separated from the "viewer" and his or her physical senses by distance, shielding, and/or time. It is Joe's goal to insure that when participants leave the program, they will have a much deeper understanding for what remote viewing is, and a very large percentage of those attending will walk away knowing they had remote viewed under double-blind conditions and have tools to do so in the future.

Joe is a full member of The Parapsychological Association, a Life Member of the Disabled American Veterans, a performing member of the American Federation of Television and Radio Artists (AFTRA) and Screen Actors Guild (SAG), a full member of The Writers Guild of America – East (WGA-E), a member of The Authors Guild (AG). He is a Retired Chief Warrant Officer in the Regular Army of the United States of America. He now serves on the Board of Advisors for The Monroe Institute and the Anomalous Phenomena Research Center, New York, as well as a Board Member for the J. B. Rhine Research Center, Durham, North Carolina.

From <https://www.monroeinstitute.org/pages/trainer-joseph-w-mcmoneagle>>